## Analysis of the 118 GHz TE<sub>22,6</sub> Quasi-Optical Mode Converter

## - Simulation Results -

## H.O. Prinz, A. Arnold, M. Thumm

Forschungszentrum Karlsruhe, Association EURATOM-FZK, IHM, Postfach 3640, D-76021 Karlsruhe, Germany, e-mail: Oliver.Prinz@ihm.fzk.de

Quasi-optical mode converters in high power gyrotrons are used for separating the electron beam and the radio frequency (RF) after the interaction. The RF-beam has to be focussed to be radially transmitted through a vacuum window. This can be achieved by a helically cut waveguide which has a perturbation on its inner wall. This is preshaping the beam to a Gaussian-like structure. Further focusing is done by metallic mirrors inside the gyrotron.

Simulations on these quasi-optical mode converters is nowadays based on the calculation of the diffraction integral. With todays computer performance a new model solving the electric field integral equations was introduced recently and showed an enhancement in the analysis of launchers. Now we expand the 3D-analysis to the complete mode converter including the launcher and three mirrors. With this tool the analysis of the 118GHz  $TE_{22,6}$  mode converter was carried out.

We will discuss the basics of quasi-optical mode converters and show detailed results of the analysis of the 118GHz  $TE_{22,6}$  system. This will include the behaviour of the observed double peak structure in the output beam and a proposal for a design having an fundamental Gaussian structure.